# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### Form 10-Q

	QUARTERLI REFORT FORSUANT TO SECTIO	ON 13 OR 15(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE AC	J1 OF 1954	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION	ON 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	CT OF 1934	
	For the	quarterly period ended October 31, 2020		
		Commission File No. 001-39366		
	A	AMEDICAN		
		AMERICAN OUTDOOR BRANDS		
	Ame	erican Outdoor Brands, Inc.		
		me of registrant as specified in its charter)		
	<b>Delaware</b> (State or other jurisdiction of	84-46309 (I.R.S. Empl		
	incorporation or organization)	Identification		
	1800 North Route Z	65202		
	Columbia, Missouri (Address of principal executive offices)	USZUZ (Zip Code	e)	
	(Regis	(800) 331-0852 strant's telephone number, including area code)		
	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the	Act:		
	Title of each Class Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share		change on which registered aq Global Select Market	
		s filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) or riod that the registrant was required to file such reports), and		
of R	egulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the pred	omitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to ceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registran		
	). Yes⊠ No□			
files	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a lar	ge accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated file accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting comp		
an ei	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a lar nerging growth company. See the definitions of "large a		pany," and "emerging grow	
an ei com Larg	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large and growth company. See the definitions of "large a pany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	ccelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting comp	pany," and "emerging grow	th
an er com Larg	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large region growth company. See the definitions of "large a pany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.  e accelerated filer □	ccelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting comp	any," and "emerging grow	th
an er comp Larg Non- Eme	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large registrant of "large a pany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.  e accelerated filer □  accelerated filer □  reging growth company □	Accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting comp Accelerated Smaller rep s if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition pe	oany," and "emerging grow filer orting company	th □
an er comp Larg Non- Eme	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a larger and growth company. See the definitions of "large a pany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.  e accelerated filer  -accelerated filer  If an emerging growth company, indicate by check marked financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Sec	Accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting comp Accelerated Smaller rep s if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition pe	oany," and "emerging grown filer orting company eriod for complying with any	th □

#### AMERICAN OUTDOOR BRANDS, INC.

#### Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q For the Three and Six Months Ended October 31, 2020 and 2019

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#### **Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information**

The statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that are not historical are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained or incorporated herein by reference in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including statements regarding our future operating results, future financial position, business strategy, objectives, goals, plans, prospects, markets, and plans and objectives for future operations, are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "suggests," "targets," "contemplates," "projects," "predicts," "may," "might," "plan," "would," "should," "could," "may," "can," "potential," "continue," "objective," or the negative of those terms, or similar expressions intended to identify forward-looking statements. However, not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Specific forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include statements regarding:

- our expectation to incur costs to establish certain standalone functions, information technology systems, and other one-time costs;
- the performance of certain functions using our own resources or outsourced services going forward;
- the impact on profitability and operating cash flows, resulting from recurring standalone costs possibly differing materially from historical allocations:
- our expectation that the unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSUs and PSUs will be recognized over a weighted average remaining contractual term of two years;
- our intention to vigorously defend ourselves in the lawsuits to which we are subject;
- the possibility that an unfavorable outcome of litigation or prolonged litigation could harm our business;
- in the future, our disclosure of an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, if such estimate could be made, or our disclosure that an estimate could not be made, should we determine that a loss (or an additional loss in excess of our accrual) is at least reasonably possible and material;
- our belief that we have provided adequate accruals for defense costs;
- the combined and consolidated financial statements may not be indicative of our future performance;
- the changes we expect to experience in the future as a result of the separation from Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc., or SWBI, including changes in the financing, cash management, operations, cost structure, and personnel needs of our business;
- the possibility that worsening of conditions or increased fears of a pandemic could have a renewed and prolonged effect on manufacturing or employment in China, travel to and from China, or other restrictions on imports all of which could have a longer-term effect on our sales and profitability in future periods, with regard to concerns surrounding COVID-19;
- our future ability to fund our operating needs;
- our belief that we will be able to meet our short-term liquidity needs, based upon our history of generating strong cash flows;
- our belief we will meet known or reasonably likely future cash requirements through the combination of cash flows from operating activities, available cash balances, and available borrowings through the issuance of third-party debt;
- our expectation that our separation from SWBI may increase the overall cost of debt funding and decrease the overall debt capacity and commercial credit available to us;
- our future capital requirements dependency on many factors, including net sales, the timing and extent of spending to support product development efforts, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, the timing of introductions of new products and enhancements to existing products, the capital needed to operate as an independent publicly traded company, any acquisitions or strategic investments that we may determine to make, and our ability to navigate through the many negative business impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic;
- our expectation to utilize our cash flows to continue to invest in our brands, including research and development of new product initiatives, talent and capabilities, and growth strategies, including any potential acquisitions, and to repay any indebtedness we may incur over time; and
- our expectation that our inventory will decline in our second and third fiscal quarters due to the holiday shopping season, which is consistent with our seasonal inventory trends.

A number of factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the following:

- the effects of the coronavirus, or COVID-19, pandemic, including potential disruptions in our ability to source the raw materials necessary for the production of our products, disruptions and delays in the manufacture of our products, and difficulties encountered by retailers and other components of the distribution channel for our products;
- lower levels of consumer spending;
- our ability to introduce new products that are successful in the marketplace;

- interruptions of our arrangements with third-party contract manufacturers that disrupt our ability to fill our customers' orders;
- increases in costs or decreases in availability of finished products, product components, and raw materials;
- the failure to maintain or strengthen our brand recognition and reputation;
- the ability to forecast demand for our products accurately;
- our ability to continue to expand our e-commerce business;
- our ability to compete in a highly competitive market;
- · our dependence on large customers;
- an increase on emphasis of private label products by our customers;
- pricing pressures by our customers;
- our ability to collect our accounts receivable;
- the potential for product recalls, product liability, and other claims or lawsuits against us;
- our ability to protect our intellectual property;
- inventory levels, both internally and in the distribution channel, in excess of demand;
- our ability to identify acquisition candidates, to complete acquisitions of potential acquisition candidates, to integrate acquired businesses
  with our business, to achieve success with acquired companies, and to realize the benefits of acquisitions in a manner consistent with our
  expectations;
- the performance and security of our information systems;
- the risk of complying with any applicable foreign laws or regulations and the effect of increased protective tariffs;
- economic, social, political, legislative, and regulatory factors;
- the potential for increased regulation of firearms and firearms- related products;
- the effect of political pressures on firearm laws and regulations;
- the potential impact on our business and operations of the outcome of the 2020 U.S. Presidential, Congressional, state, and local elections and the policies that may be implemented as a result thereof;
- changes in the makeup of the U.S. Supreme Court;
- the failure to realize the anticipated benefits of being a separate, public company following the separation from SWBI or to achieve the benefits anticipated from our new principal facility;
- future investments for capital expenditures, liquidity and anticipated cash needs and availability;
- the potential for impairment charges;
- estimated amortization expense of intangible assets for future periods;
- actions of social activists that could have an adverse effect on our business;
- disruptions caused by social unrest, including related protests or disturbances;
- our assessment of factors relating to the valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in acquisitions, the timing for such evaluations, and the potential adjustment in such evaluations; and
- other factors detailed from time to time in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, including our Information Statement filed as Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on August 4, 2020.

All forward-looking statements included herein are based on information available to us as of the date hereof and speak only as of such date. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements. The forward-looking statements contained in or incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q reflect our views as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and changes in circumstances that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to differ significantly from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future events, results, performance, or achievements.

We are subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act, and we file or furnish reports, proxy statements, and other information with the SEC. Such reports and other information we file with the SEC are available free of charge at https://ir.aob.com/financial-information/sec-filings as soon as practicable after such reports are available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. The SEC's website contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC.

#### Item 1. Financial Statements

### AMERICAN OUTDOOR BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS

	As of:				
				oril 30, 2020	
		(In thousands, ex	cept per sha	re data)	
ASSETS					
Current assets:		22.000		00.4	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,880	\$	234	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$408 on October 31, 2020		EE 051		25.000	
and \$448 on April 30, 2020		57,971		35,096	
Inventories		73,575		59,999	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,842		3,244	
Income tax receivable				104	
Total current assets		168,268		98,677	
Property, plant, and equipment, net		10,230		9,677	
Intangible assets, net		61,588		69,152	
Goodwill		64,315		64,315	
Right-of-use assets		26,126		2,772	
Deferred income taxes		4,360		3,580	
Other assets		533		242	
	\$	335,420	\$	248,415	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	19,944	\$	8,936	
Accrued expenses		11,842		7,655	
Accrued payroll and incentives		4,444		3,249	
Accrued income taxes		2,442		_	
Lease liabilities, current		1,734		1,324	
Accrued profit sharing		303		217	
Total current liabilities		40,709		21,381	
Lease liabilities, net of current portion		25,632		2,830	
Other non-current liabilities		294		106	
Total liabilities	·	66.635		24,317	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)					
Equity:					
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares					
issued or outstanding		_		_	
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 13,991,736 shares					
issued and outstanding on October 31, 2020		14		_	
Former net parent company investment		_		224,098	
Additional paid in capital		263,519			
Retained earnings		5,252		_	
Total equity		268,785		224.098	
	\$	335,420	\$	248,415	
	Ψ	333,720	Ψ	270,713	

# AMERICAN OUTDOOR BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME (Unaudited)

	Fo	r the Three Month	s Ende	l October 31,	 For the Six Months	Ended October 31,	
		2020		2019	2020		2019
Net sales (including \$882,000 and \$2.4 million of related party sales for the one month and four months of our fiscal year 2021, respectively, prior to the Separation and \$6.2 million and \$10.3 million of related party sales for the three and six months							
ended October 31, 2019, respectively)	\$	79,098	\$	47,742	\$ 129,565	\$	80,959
Cost of sales		42,025		28,651	 68,762		48,201
Gross profit		37,073		19,091	 60,803		32,758
Operating expenses:							
Research and development		1,932		1,193	3,162		2,525
Selling, marketing, and distribution		15,679		9,964	26,305		17,682
General and administrative		9,898		9,406	 19,308		21,243
Total operating expenses		27,509		20,563	48,775		41,450
Operating income/(loss)		9,564		(1,472)	12,028		(8,692)
Other (expense)/income, net:							
Other income/(expense), net		127		(5)	211		(7)
Interest income, net		56		1,178	392		2,116
Total other (expense)/income, net		183		1,173	603		2,109
Income/(loss) from operations before income taxes		9,747		(299)	12,631		(6,583)
Income tax expense/(benefit)		2,408		94	3,503		(1,204)
Net income/(loss)/comprehensive income/(loss)		7,339		(393)	\$ 9,128	\$	(5,379)
Net income/(loss) per share:	===		-				
Basic	\$	0.52	\$	(0.03)	\$ 0.65	\$	(0.38)
Diluted	\$	0.52	\$	(0.03)	\$ 0.65	\$	(0.38)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:							
Basic		13,981		13,975	13,978		13,975
Diluted		14,155		13,975	14,125		13,975

# AMERICAN OUTDOOR BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Commo	on Stoc	<u>k</u>	Former Net Parent Additional Company Paid-In				ent Additional Retained T		Total
(In thousands)	Shares		Amount		nvestment		Capital	Earnings		Equity
Balance at April 30, 2019	_	\$	_	\$	324,614	\$	_	\$ _	\$	324,614
Net loss	_		_		(4,983)		_	_		(4,983)
Net transfers from former Parent	_		_		2,035		_	_		2,035
Balance at July 31, 2019		\$		\$	321,666	\$	_	\$ 	\$	321,666
Net income	_		_		(393)		_	_		(393)
Net transfers from former Parent	_		_		2,021		_	_		2,021
Balance at October 31, 2019		\$	_	\$	323,294	\$	_	\$ _	\$	323,294
Balance at April 30, 2020	_		_		224,098		_	_		224,098
Net income					1,789		_	_		1,789
Net transfers from former Parent	_		_		1,455		_	_		1,455
Balance at July 31, 2020		\$		\$	227,342	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 	\$	227,342
Net income	_		_		2,087		_	5,252		7,339
Stock-based compensation	_		_		_		776	_		776
Issuance of common stock under restricted stock unit awards	17		_		_		_	_		_
Net transfers from former Parent	_		_		33,328		_	_		33,328
Issuance of common stock and reclassification of former										
net parent company investment	13,975		14		(262,757)		262,743	_		_
Balance at October 31, 2020	13,992	\$	14	\$		\$	263,519	\$ 5,252	\$	268,785

# AMERICAN OUTDOOR BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		Ended October 31,	
		2020	2019
Cook floors from an austing activities.		(In thou	sands)
Cash flows from operating activities:  Net income/(loss)	\$	9,128	\$ (5,379)
Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided	D D	9,120	\$ (5,379)
by/(used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		10,459	12,156
Provision for losses on notes and accounts receivable		174	610
Deferred income taxes		(780)	010
Stock-based compensation expense		1,196	666
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		1,130	000
Accounts receivable		(23,049)	(5,925)
Inventories		(13,576)	(4,553)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(1,560)	158
Income taxes		2,546	102
Accounts payable		11,716	(455)
Accrued payroll and incentives		2,421	(1,425)
Right of use assets		586	395
Accrued profit sharing		86	(170)
Accrued expenses		5.690	2,489
Other assets		(451)	(25)
Lease liabilities		(728)	(485)
Other non-current liabilities		598	(73)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		4,456	(1,914)
Cash flows from investing activities:		7,730	(1,314)
Payments to acquire patents and software		(378)	(110)
Payments to acquire property and equipment		(1,728)	(784)
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,106)	(894)
Cash flows from financing activities:		(2,100)	(094)
Net transfers from former Parent		31,706	3,072
Cash paid for debt issuance costs		(410)	3,072
Net cash provided by financing activities		31,296	3,072
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		33,646	264
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<b>A</b>	234	162
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	33,880	\$ 426

# AMERICAN OUTDOOR BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - (Continued) (Unaudited)

Supplemental Disclosure of Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:

	 For the Six Months Ended October 31,				
	 2020	2019			
	(In thousands)				
Purchases of property and equipment included in accounts payable	\$ 82 \$	_			
Non-cash transfers to/from former parent	1,398	_			
Changes in right of use assets for operating lease obligations	23,940	3,369			
Changes in lease liabilities for operating lease obligations	23,940	4,449			

#### (1) Background, Description of Business, and Basis of Presentation:

#### Background

On November 13, 2019, Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc., or SWBI, announced that it was proceeding with a plan to spin-off its outdoor products and accessories business, or the Separation, to our company, American Outdoor Brands, Inc., a newly formed wholly owned subsidiary formed in anticipation of the Separation (our "company," "we," "us," or "our"), resulting in two distinct, publicly traded companies.

On August 24, 2020, SWBI completed the Separation through a pro-rata distribution, or the Distribution, of all the outstanding shares of our common stock to the stockholders of record of SWBI as of the close of business on August 10, 2020, the record date for the Distribution, or the Record Date. Each SWBI stockholder of received one share of our common stock, \$0.001 par value, for every four shares of SWBI common stock, \$0.001 par value, held by such stockholder as of the close of business on the Record Date. SWBI distributed 13,975,104 shares of our common stock in the Distribution, which was effective at 12:01 a.m., Eastern Time, on August 24, 2020, or the Distribution Date. SWBI was determined to be the spinnor for accounting and legal purposes. As a result of the Distribution, we became an independent public company and our common stock became listed under the symbol "AOUT" on the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Prior to the Separation, the unaudited combined financial statements reflect the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented as historically managed by SWBI. For those periods prior to the Separation, the unaudited combined financial statements were prepared on a "carve out" basis as described below.

In connection with the Separation, we entered into several agreements with SWBI that govern the relationship of the parties following the Separation, including a Separation and Distribution Agreement, a Tax Matters Agreement, a Transition Services Agreement, a Trademark License Agreement, and an Employee Matters Agreement. Under the terms of the Transition Services Agreement, SWBI and we have agreed to provide each other certain transitional services, including information technology, information management, and other limited human resources, legal, compliance, and finance and accounting related services for a certain period following the Separation. We have also entered into certain commercial arrangements with SWBI. Expense reimbursements under these agreements are recorded within cost of goods sold or operating expenses, based on the nature of the arrangements.

#### Description of Business

We are a leading provider of outdoor products and accessories encompassing hunting, fishing, camping, shooting, and personal security and defense products for rugged outdoor enthusiasts. We conceive, design, produce or source, and sell products and accessories, including shooting supplies, rests, vaults, and other related accessories; premium sportsman knives and tools for fishing and hunting; land management tools for hunting preparedness; harvesting products for post-hunt or post-fishing activities; electro-optical devices, including hunting optics, firearm aiming devices, flashlights, and laser grips; reloading, gunsmithing, and firearm cleaning supplies; and survival, camping, and emergency preparedness products. We develop and market our products at our facility in Columbia, Missouri and contract for the manufacture and assembly of most of our products with third-parties located in Asia. We also manufacture some of our electro-optics products in our facility in Wilsonville, Oregon.

We focus on our brands and the establishment of product categories in which we believe our brands will resonate strongly with the activities and passions of consumers and enable us to capture an increasing share of our overall addressable markets. Our owned brands include Caldwell, Wheeler, Tipton, Frankford Arsenal, Hooyman, BOG, MEAT!, Uncle Henry, Old Timer, Imperial, Crimson Trace, LaserLyte, Lockdown, UST, BUBBA, and Schrade, and we license for use in association with certain products we sell additional brands, including M&P, Smith & Wesson, Performance Center by Smith & Wesson, and Thompson/Center Arms. In focusing on the growth of our brands, we organize our creative, product development, sourcing, and e-commerce teams into four brand lanes, each of which focuses on one of four distinct consumer verticals – Marksman, Defender, Harvester, and Adventurer – with each of our brands included in one of the brand lanes. Our sales activities are focused and measured on how we go to market within the e-commerce and traditional distribution channels. These two channels involve distinct strategies to increase net sales and enhance market share. Our sales team is organized by customer groups, which we refer to as classes of trade, within the e-commerce and traditional channels and sells our products from all brands in all four of our brand lanes. We measure our success through sales performance in these distribution channels against prior results and our own expectations.

Our Marksman brands address product needs arising from consumer activities that take place primarily at the shooting range and where firearms are cleaned, maintained, and worked on. Our Defender brands include products that help consumers aim their firearms more accurately, including situations that require self-defense, and products that help secure, store, and maintain connectivity to those possessions that some consumers would consider to be high value or high consequence. Our Harvester brands focus on the activities hunters typically engage in, including hunting preparation, the hunt itself, and the activities that follow a hunt, such as meat processing. Our Adventurer brands include products that help enhance consumers' fishing and camping experiences.

#### Basis of Presentation – Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Our financial statements for the periods through the Separation date of August 24, 2020 are combined financial statements prepared on a "carve out" basis as discussed below. Our financial statements for the period from August 24, 2020 through October 31, 2020 are consolidated financial statements based on the reported results of American Outdoor Brands, Inc. as a standalone company. Accordingly, the second quarter of fiscal 2021 included consolidated and combined financial statements, while all prior periods included combined financial statements. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The Combined Balance Sheet at April 30, 2020 was derived from audited financial statements.

The consolidated and combined financial statements at October 31, 2020 and for the three and six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 are unaudited, but in our opinion include all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods. The results reported in these consolidated and combined financial statements should not necessarily be taken as indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. The financial information included herein should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes in our registration statement on Form 10 (File No. 001-39366), initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, on July 2, 2020, as amended by Amendment No. 1 filed with the SEC on July 13, 2020, or the Form 10.

#### Basis of Presentation -Prior to the Separation

Prior to the Separation, the combined financial statements include certain assets and liabilities that have historically been held by SWBI and various of its subsidiaries, but are specifically identifiable to or otherwise attributable to the outdoor products and accessories business. Our combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss), prior to the Separation, also include costs for certain pre-Separation centralized functions and programs provided and administered by SWBI that have been charged directly to SWBI businesses, including us. These centralized functions and programs include information technology, human resources, accounting, legal, and insurance. These costs were included in general and administrative expenses in the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss).

In addition, for purposes of preparing the combined financial statements, prior to the Separation, on a "carve-out" basis, a portion of SWBI's total corporate expenses were allocated to us. These expense allocations include the cost of corporate functions and resources provided by SWBI, including executive management, finance, accounting, legal, human resources, internal audit, and the related benefit costs associated with such functions, such as stock-based compensation, and the cost of the SWBI Springfield, Massachusetts corporate headquarters. In fiscal 2020, SWBI began operating a new distribution facility in Columbia, Missouri, which included shared distribution expenses between SWBI and us. In addition to the portion of SWBI corporate expenses allocated to us prior to the Separation, a portion of SWBI total distribution expenses were allocated to us. These expense allocations include selling, distribution, inventory management, warehouse, and fulfillment services provided by SWBI and the related benefit costs associated with such functions, such as stock-based compensation and the cost of the SWBI Columbia, Missouri distribution facility. For the period prior to the Separation in fiscal 2021, we were allocated \$637,000 and \$2.7 million during our second fiscal quarter 2021 and our fiscal year 2021, respectively, and \$2.4 million and \$4.8 million for the three and six months ended October 31, 2019, respectively, for such corporate expenses, which were included within general and administrative expenses in the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss). For the period prior to the Separation in fiscal 2021, we were also allocated \$290,000 and \$1.9 million during our second fiscal quarter 2021 and our fiscal year 2021, respectively, of such distribution expenses, which were included within cost of sales; selling, marketing, and distribution expenses; and general and administrative expenses in the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss). For the three and six m

Prior to the Separation, costs were allocated to us based on direct usage when identifiable or, when not directly identifiable, on the basis of proportional net sales, employee headcount, delivery units, or square footage, as applicable. We consider the basis on which the expenses have been allocated to reasonably reflect the utilization of services provided to, or the benefit received by, us during the periods presented. However, the allocations may not reflect the expenses we would have incurred if we had been a standalone company for the periods presented prior to the Separation. Actual costs that may have been incurred if we had been a standalone company would depend on a number of factors, including the organizational structure, whether functions were outsourced or performed by employees, and strategic decisions made in areas such as information technology and infrastructure. Going forward, we may perform these functions using our own resources or outsourced services. For a period following the Separation, however, some of these functions will continue to be provided by SWBI under a Transition Services Agreement. Additionally, we will provide some services to SWBI under such Transition Services Agreements with SWBI in connection with the Separation.

Prior to the Separation, SWBI utilized a centralized approach to cash management and financing its operations. The cash and cash equivalents held by SWBI at the corporate level were not specifically identifiable to us and therefore have not been reflected in our combined balance sheet. Cash transfers between us and SWBI were accounted for through former parent company investment. Cash and cash equivalents in the pre-Separation combined balance sheet represent cash and cash equivalents held by legal entities that were transferred to us or amounts otherwise attributable to us. The combined financial statements include certain assets and liabilities that have historically been held at the SWBI corporate level, but are specifically identifiable or other attributable to us.

SWBI incurred debt and related debt issuance costs with respect to the acquisitions of the carved-out businesses. However, such debt has been refinanced since the consummation of these acquisitions, and the proceeds of such refinancing have been utilized for retirement of original debt obligations and the funding of other SWBI expenditures. As a result, the SWBI third-party long-term debt and the related interest expense have not been allocated to us for any of the periods presented as we were not the legal obligor of such debt.

Subsequent to the completion of the Separation, we incurred costs to establish certain standalone functions, information technology systems, and other one-time costs. Recurring standalone costs include accounting, financial reporting, tax, regulatory compliance, corporate governance, treasury, legal, and investor relations functions, as well as the annual expenses associated with running an independent, publicly traded company, including listing fees, board of director fees, and external audit costs. Recurring standalone costs may differ materially from historical allocations, which may have an impact on profitability and operating cash flows.

All intracompany transactions have been eliminated. All transactions between us and SWBI have been included in these consolidated and combined financial statements. The aggregate net effect of such transactions that are not historically settled in cash has been reflected in the consolidated and combined balance sheet as parent company investment and in the consolidated and combined statements of cash flows as net transfers to and from SWBI.

Reclassification

We have adjusted the accompanying combined balance sheet as of April 30, 2020 for an immaterial correction of an error to appropriately present deferred income taxes, in the amount of \$3.6 million, as non-current, which was previously presented as a current asset.

Fiscal Year

We operate and report using a fiscal year ending on April 30 of each year.

#### Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Standards Update, or ASU 2016-10, *Revenue* from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which became effective for us on May 1, 2018. Performance obligations are satisfied and revenue is recognized when title has transferred to the customer, which is generally upon shipment, but could be delayed until the receipt of customer acceptance.

In some instances, sales include multiple performance obligations. The most common of these instances relates to sales promotion programs under which customers are entitled to receive free goods based upon their purchase of our products, which we have identified as a material right. The fulfillment of these free goods is our responsibility. In such instances, we allocate the transaction price of the promotional sales based on the estimated level of participation in the sales promotional program and the timing of the shipment of all of the products included in the promotional program, including the free goods. We recognize revenue related to the material right proportionally as each performance obligation is satisfied. The net change in contract liabilities for a given period is reported as an increase or decrease to sales.

We generally sell our products free on board, or FOB, shipping point and provide payment terms to most commercial customers ranging from 20 to 90 days of product shipment with a discount available to some customers for early payment. Generally, framework contracts define the general terms of sales, including payment terms, freight terms, insurance requirements, and cancelation provisions. Purchase orders define the terms for specific sales, including description, quantity, and price of each product purchased. We estimate variable consideration relative to the amount of cash discounts to which customers are likely to be entitled. In some instances, we provide longer payment terms, particularly as it relates to promotional programs. We do not consider these extended terms to be a significant financing component of the contract because the payment terms are less than one year. In all cases, we consider our costs related to shipping and handling to be a cost of fulfilling the contract with the customer.

We sponsor direct to consumer customer loyalty programs in which customers earn rewards from qualifying purchases or activities. We defer revenue for a portion of the transaction price from product sales to customers that earn loyalty points. We recognize revenue upon shipment of the products associated with the loyalty points and record an offsetting reserve utilizing a breakage factor based on historical redemption.

Net sales reflects adjustments for estimated allowances for trade terms, sales incentive programs, discounts, markdowns, chargebacks, and returns. These allowances are estimated based on evaluations of specific product and customer circumstances, historical and anticipated trends, and current economic conditions.

#### Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash, cash equivalents, and trade receivables. We place our cash and cash equivalents in overnight U.S. government securities. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited by the large number of customers comprising our customer base and their geographic and business dispersion. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers' financial condition and generally do not require collateral.

For the three and six months ended October 31, 2020, one of our customers accounted for more than 10% of our net sales and accounted for \$18.9, or 23.9%, and \$38.2 million, or 29.5%, of our net sales. As of October 31, 2020, one of our customers exceeded 10% or more of our accounts receivable and accounted for \$19.7 million, or 33.9%, of our accounts receivable.

#### Disaggregation of revenue

The following table sets forth certain information regarding trade channel net sales for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2	2020	2019	 Change	% Change
e-commerce channels	\$	26,243	\$ 8,373	\$ 17,870	213.4%
Traditional channels		52,855	39,369	13,486	34.3%
Total net sales	\$	79,098	\$ 47,742	\$ 31,356	65.7%

Our e-commerce channels include net sales from customers that do not traditionally operate a physical brick-and-mortar store, but generate the majority of their revenue from consumer purchases from their retail websites. Our e-commerce channels also include our direct-to-consumer sales. Our traditional channels include customers that primarily operate out of physical brick-and-mortar stores and generate the large majority of revenue from consumer purchases in their brick-and-mortar locations.

We sell our products worldwide. The following table sets forth certain information regarding geographic makeup of net sales included in the above table for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020	2019	 \$ Change	% Change
Domestic net sales	\$ 76,525	\$ 45,389	\$ 31,136	68.6%
International net sales	2,573	2,353	220	9.3%
Total net sales	\$ 79,098	\$ 47,742	\$ 31,356	65.7%

The following table sets forth certain information regarding trade channel net sales for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020		2019	\$ Change	% Change
e-commerce channels	\$ 50,79	1 \$	19,061	\$ 31,730	166.5%
Traditional channels	78,77	4	61,898	16,876	27.3%
Total net sales	\$ 129.56	5 <del>\$</del>	80,959	\$ 48,606	60.0%

The following table sets forth certain information regarding geographic makeup of net sales included in the above table for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	2019	\$ Change	% Change
Domestic net sales	\$ 124,996	\$ 77,354	\$ 47,642	61.6%
International net sales	4,569	3,605	964	26.7%
Total net sales	\$ 129,565	\$ 80,959	\$ 48,606	60.0%

#### (2) Recently Adopted and Issued Accounting Standards:

Recently Issued Accounting Standards – In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued ASU 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting ("ASU 2020-04") to provide temporary optional expedients and exceptions to the contract modifications, hedge relationships, and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. This ASU, which was effective upon issuance and may be applied through December 31, 2022, is applicable to all contracts and hedging relationships that reference the London Interbank Offered Rate or any other reference rate expected to be discontinued. We are currently evaluating the new guidance and the expected effect on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-12, *Income Taxes* (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes ("ASU 2019-12"), an amendment of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. ASU 2019-12 simplifies the accounting for income taxes by removing certain exceptions for intraperiod tax allocations and deferred tax liabilities for equity method investments and adds guidance regarding whether a step-up in tax basis of goodwill relates to a business combination or a separate transaction. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating the new guidance and the expected effect on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards – In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments — *Credit Losses* (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. Effective May 1, 2020, we adopted ASU 2016-13, which requires financial assets measured at amortized cost, such as our trade receivables, to be presented net of expected credit losses, which may be estimated based on relevant information such as historical experience, current conditions, and future expectation for each pool of similar financial assets. We adopted ASU 2016-13 using the modified retrospective method, whereby the guidance is applied prospectively as of the date of adoption and prior periods are not restated. The cumulative effect of adoption was not material.

#### (3) Leases:

We lease certain of our real estate, machinery, photocopiers, and vehicles under non-cancelable operating lease agreements.

We recognize expenses under our operating lease assets and liabilities at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. Our leases do not provide an implicit interest rate. We use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Our lease agreements do not require material variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, or restrictive covenants. For operating leases, we recognize expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Tenant improvement allowances are recorded as an offsetting adjustment included in our calculation of the respective right-of-use asset.

Many of our leases include renewal options that can extend the lease term. The execution of those renewal options is at our sole discretion and are reflected in the lease term when they are reasonably certain to be exercised. The depreciable life of assets and leasehold improvements are limited by the expected lease term.

The amounts of assets and liabilities related to our operating leases as of October 31, 2020 are as follows (in thousands):

		October 31, 2020
Operating Leases		
Right-of-use assets	\$	27,443
Accumulated amortization		(1,317)
Right-of-use assets, net	\$	26,126
	_	
Lease liabilities, current portion	\$	1,734
Lease liabilities, net of current portion		25,632
Total operating lease liabilities	\$	27,366
	<del></del>	

We recorded \$1.2 million of operating lease costs, of which \$185,000 were short-term operating lease costs, during the six months ended October 31, 2020. We recorded \$865,000 of operating lease costs, of which \$51,000 were short-term operating lease costs, during the three months ended October 31, 2020. We recorded \$766,000 of operating lease costs, of which \$223,000 were short-term operating lease costs, during the six months ended October 31, 2019. We recorded \$392,000 of operating lease costs, of which \$166,000 were short-term operating lease costs, during the three months ended October 31, 2019. As of October 31, 2020, our weighted average lease term and weighted average discount rate for our operating leases was 16.8 years and 5.3%, respectively. The depreciable lives of Right-of-use assets are limited by the lease term and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease.

On August 24, 2020 and as part of the Separation, we entered into an 18-year sublease for our corporate offices and warehouse with SWBI, which is payable in 216 monthly installments through fiscal 2039. We evaluated this lease under ASC 842-10 – *Leases*, which requires that leases be evaluated and classified as operating or finance leases for financial reporting purposes. Based on our evaluation under ASC 842-10, we determined that the sublease qualified as an operating lease because the net present value of all the lease payments did not exceed 90% of the fair market value of the subleased building space. We recorded an operating Right-of-use lease asset and liability in the amount of \$24.5 million. The effective interest rate for this lease is 5.4%.

During the six months ended October 31, 2020, we terminated an operating lease for office space in Park City, Utah. We recorded a reduction of Right-of-use asset and lease liability of approximately \$640,000 for terminating this lease.

During the six months ended October 31, 2020, we entered into an operating lease for administrative office space in Chicopee, Massachusetts and recorded a Right-of-use asset and lease liability of \$369,000.

During the six months ended October 31, 2020, we terminated an operating lease for office space in Bentonville, Arkansas. We recorded a reduction of Right-of-use asset and lease liability of approximately \$240,000 for terminating this lease.

Future lease payments for all our operating leases for the remainder of fiscal 2021 and for succeeding fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

	 Operating
2021	\$ 1,594
2022	3,093
2023	2,990
2024	2,014
2025	2,048
Thereafter	30,552
Total future lease payments	 42,291
Less amounts representing interest	 (14,925)
Present value of lease payments	27,366
Less current maturities of lease liabilities	(1,734)
Long-term maturities of lease liabilities	\$ 25,632

During the six months ended October 31, 2020, the cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of the liabilities and the operating cash flows was \$728,000.

#### (4) Goodwill and Intangible Assets, net:

The following table presents a summary of intangible assets as of October 31, 2020 and April 30, 2020 (in thousands):

		October 31, 2020						April 30, 2020						
	Ca	Gross arrying mount	ng Accumulated		Net Carrying Amount		Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization			Carrying Amount		
Customer relationships	\$	89,980	\$	(55,697)	\$	34,283	\$	89,980	\$	(51,049)	\$	38,931		
Developed technology		21,588		(13,508)		8,080		21,588		(12,529)		9,059		
Patents, trademarks, and trade names		49,912		(31,769)		18,143		49,697		(29,229)		20,468		
Backlog		1,250		(1,250)		_		1,150		(1,150)		_		
		162,730		(102,224)		60,506		162,415		(93,957)		68,458		
Patents in progress		652		_		652		490		_		490		
Total definite-lived intangible assets		163,382		(102,224)		61,158		162,905		(93,957)		68,948		
Indefinite-lived intangible assets		430		_		430		204		_		204		
Total intangible assets	\$	163,812	\$	(102,224)	\$	61,588	\$	163,109	\$	(93,957)	\$	69,152		

We amortize intangible assets with determinable lives over a weighted-average period of approximately five years. The weighted-average periods of amortization by intangible asset class is approximately five years for customer relationships, five years for developed technology, and five years for patents, trademarks, and trade names. Amortization expense amounted to \$8.3 million and \$9.6 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Estimated amortization expense of intangible assets for the remainder of fiscal 2021 and succeeding full fiscal years is as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal	Amount
2021	\$ 8,150
2022	13,863
2023	11,426
2024	9,688
2025	6,045
Thereafter	11,334
Total	\$ 60,506

As of October 31, 2020, we had \$64.3 million of goodwill. We did not have any adjustments to goodwill during the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019. As of April 30, 2020, we had recorded \$109.3 million of goodwill impairment charges since fiscal 2015 on gross goodwill of \$173.6 million.

#### (5) Fair Value Measurement:

We follow the provisions of ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic*, or ASC 820-10, for our financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820-10 provides a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP and requires expanded disclosures regarding fair value measurements. ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820-10 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available, and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that we have the ability to access at the measurement date (examples include active exchange-traded equity securities, listed derivatives, and most U.S. Government and agency securities).

Our cash and cash equivalents, which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, totaled \$33.9 million as of October 31, 2020 and \$234,000 as of April 30, 2020. We utilized Level 1 of the value hierarchy to determine the fair values of these assets.

*Level 2* — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on quoted prices in markets in which trading occurs infrequently or whose values are based on quoted prices of instruments with similar attributes in active markets. Level 2 inputs include the following:

- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets (such as corporate and municipal bonds which trade infrequently);
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (such as interest rate and currency swaps); and
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (such as certain securities and derivatives).

Level 3 — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect our assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

#### (6) Inventories:

The following table sets forth a summary of inventories, net of reserves, stated at lower of cost or net realizable value, as of October 31, 2020 and April 30, 2020 (in thousands):

	Octob	er 31, 2020	 April 30, 2020		
Finished goods	\$	61,594	\$ 50,171		
Finished parts		4,599	3,499		
Work in process		219	249		
Raw material		7,163	6,080		
Total inventories	\$	73,575	\$ 59,999		

#### (7) **Debt**:

On August 24, 2020, we entered into a new financing arrangement consisting of a \$50.0 million revolving line of credit secured by substantially all our assets, maturing five years from the closing date, with available borrowings determined by a borrowing base calculation. Based on this calculation, the entire \$50.0 million was available to us as of October 31, 2020. The revolving line includes an option to increase the credit commitment for an additional \$15.0 million. The revolving line bears interest at a fluctuating rate equal to the Base Rate or LIBOR, as applicable, plus the applicable margin. If adequate means do not exist for ascertaining LIBOR, any borrowing under the credit facility may be converted into Base Rate Loans. The applicable margin can range from a minimum of 0.75% to a maximum of 2.25% based on certain conditions as defined in the credit agreement. The financing arrangement contains covenants relating to minimum debt service coverage. As of October 31, 2020, there were no borrowings under the revolving line of credit. If we would have had borrowings at October 31, 2020, those borrowings would have borne interest at approximately 1.97%, which is equal to the LIBOR rate plus the applicable margin. We recorded \$410,000 of debt issuance costs associated with entering into this financing arrangement.

#### (8) Equity:

Earnings per Share

On August 24, 2020, the date of consummation of the Separation, SWBI distributed 13,975,104 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, to SWBI stockholders of record as of August 10, 2020, the Record Date. This share amount is being utilized for the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for all periods presented prior to the Separation as all common stock was owned by SWBI prior to the Separation. For the 2019 quarter to date calculations, these shares are treated as issued and outstanding at October 31, 2019 for purposes of calculating historical basic and diluted earnings per share. For periods prior to the Separation, it is assumed that there are no dilutive equity instruments as there were no AOUT stock-based awards outstanding prior to the Separation.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by giving effect to all potentially dilutive stock awards that are outstanding. For periods subsequent to the Separation, the computation of diluted earnings per share excludes the effect of the potential exercise of stock-based awards when the effect of the potential exercise would be anti-dilutive. There were no shares excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended October 31, 2020. After the Separation, the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended October 31, 2020 was based on the weighted-average number of actual common shares outstanding assuming the number of shares of AOUT common stock outstanding on August 24, 2020 had been outstanding at the beginning of each period presented.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the net income/(loss) amounts and weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares used to determine basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (in thousands, except per share data):

	For the Three Months Ended October 31,													
	2020						2019							
	Net Income				Shares	Per Share Amount					Net Loss	Shares		Per Share Amount
Basic earnings/(loss)	\$	7,339	13,981	\$	0.52	\$	(393)	13,975	\$	(0.03)				
Effect of dilutive stock awards		_	174		_		_	_		_				
Diluted earnings/(loss)	\$	7,339	14,155	\$	0.52	\$	(393)	13,975	\$	(0.03)				

The following table provides a reconciliation of the net income/(loss) amounts and weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares used to determine basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (in thousands, except per share data):

	For the Six Months Ended October 31,										
			2020			2019					
		Net Income	Shares	Per Share Amount			Net Loss			Per Share Amount	
Basic earnings/(loss)	\$	9,128	13,978	\$	0.65	\$	(5,379)	13,975	\$	(0.38)	
Effect of dilutive stock awards		_	147		_		_	_		_	
Diluted earnings/(loss)	\$	9,128	14,125	\$	0.65	\$	(5,379)	13,975	\$	(0.38)	

Incentive Stock and Employee Stock Purchase Plans

Prior to the Separation and Distribution, our employees participated in two SWBI sponsored incentive stock plans. All grants made prior to the Separation and Distribution covering all participants were issued under those plans.

Certain of our employees have participated in SWBI's 2013 Incentive Stock Plan. The following disclosures of stock-based compensation expense recognized by us, prior to the Separation, are based on grants related directly to our employees and an allocation of SWBI corporate and shared employee stock-based compensation expenses. Accordingly, the amounts presented are not necessarily indicative of future awards and do not necessarily reflect the results that we would have experienced as an independent company for the periods presented.

In connection with the Separation, outstanding and vested awards granted to employees under SWBI's incentive stock plans were converted into AOUT stock-based awards. Unvested awards held by our employees were converted into AOUT stock-based awards. The ratio used to convert the SWBI incentive plan awards was intended to preserve the aggregate intrinsic value of each award immediately after the Separation when compared to the aggregate intrinsic value immediately prior to the Separation. All performance-based restricted share units, or PSUs, outstanding on the Distribution Date were converted to PSUs using payout metrics based on a combination of actual performance through the Distribution Date and the target for the remainder of the performance period. Due to the conversion, we expect to incur \$711,000 of incremental stock-based compensation expense to be recognized over the awards' remaining 1.8 year vesting period.

Post-Separation, we have a separate stock incentive plan, or the 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan, under which we can grant new awards to our employees and directors. The 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan authorizes the issuance of awards covering up to 1,397,510 shares of our common stock. The plan permits the grant of options to acquire common stock, restricted stock awards, RSUs, stock appreciation rights, bonus stock and awards in lieu of obligations, performance awards, and dividend equivalents. Our board of directors, or a committee established by our board, administers the incentive plan, selects recipients to whom awards are granted, and determines the grants to be awarded. Options granted under the plan are exercisable at a price determined by our Board of Directors or a committee thereof at the time of grant, but in no event, less than fair market value of our common stock on the date granted. Grants of options may be made to employees and directors without regard to any performance measures. All options issued pursuant to the incentive plan are generally nontransferable and subject to forfeiture.

Unless terminated earlier by our Board of Directors, the 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan will terminate at the earliest of (1) the tenth anniversary of the effective date of the 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan, or (2) such time as no shares of common stock remain available for issuance under the plan and we have no further rights or obligations with respect to outstanding awards under the plan. The date of grant of an award is deemed to be the date upon which our Board of Directors or a committee thereof authorizes the granting of such award.

Except in specific circumstances, grants generally vest over a period of three or four years and grants of stock options are exercisable for a period of 10 years. The 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan also permits the grant of awards to non-employees.

Prior to the Separation, certain of our employees have participated in SWBI's Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or the SWBI ESPP, in which each participant is granted an option to purchase SWBI common stock on each subsequent exercise date during the offering period (as such terms are defined in the SWBI ESPP) in accordance with the terms of the SWBI ESPP.

Post-Separation, we have a separate employee stock purchase plan, or the ESPP, which authorizes the sale of up to 419,253 shares of our common stock to employees. All options and rights to participate in our ESPP are nontransferable and subject to forfeiture in accordance with our ESPP guidelines. Our current ESPP will be implemented in a series of successive offering periods, each with a maximum duration of 12 months. If the fair market value per share of our common stock on any purchase date is less than the fair market value per share on the start date of a 12-month offering period, then that offering period will automatically terminate, and a new 12-month offering period will begin on the next business day. Each offering period will begin on April 1 or October 1, as applicable, immediately following the end of the previous offering period. Payroll deductions will be on an after-tax basis, in an amount of not less than 1% and not more than 20% (or such greater percentage as the committee appointed to administer our ESPP may establish from time to time before the first day of an offering period) of a participant's compensation on each payroll date. The option exercise price per share will equal 85% of the lower of the fair market value on the first day of the offering period or the fair market value on the exercise date. The maximum number of shares that a participant may purchase during any purchase period is 2,500 shares, or a total of \$25,000 in shares, based on the fair market value on the first day of the offering period. Our ESPP will remain in effect until the earliest of (a) the exercise date that participants become entitled to purchase a number of shares greater than the number of reserved shares available for purchase under our ESPP, (b) such date as is determined by our board of directors in its discretion, or (c) the tenth anniversary of the effective date. In the event of certain corporate transactions, each option outstanding under our ESPP will be assumed or an equivalent option will be substituted by the successor corporation or a parent or subsidiary of such successor corporation.

We recognized \$899,000 and \$352,000 of stock-based compensation expense during the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Of the total stock-based compensation expense recognized by us during the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019, \$800,000 and \$124,000, respectively, related directly to our employees and \$99,000 and \$228,000, respectively, related to allocations of SWBI corporate and shared employee stock-based compensation expenses. We recognized \$1.2 million and \$666,000 of stock-based compensation expense during the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Of the total stock-based compensation expense recognized by us during the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019, \$972,000 and \$233,000, respectively, related directly to our employees and \$224,000 and \$433,000, respectively, related to allocations of SWBI corporate and shared employee stock-based compensation expenses. Stock-based compensation expense is included in cost of sales, sales and marketing, research and development, and general and administrative expenses.

We grant service-based restricted stock units, or RSU, to employees and directors. The awards are made at no cost to the recipient. An RSU represents the right to receive one share of AOUT common stock and does not carry voting or dividend rights. Except in specific circumstances, RSU grants to employees generally vest over a period of four years with one-fourth of the units vesting on each anniversary of the grant date. The aggregate fair value of our RSU grants is amortized to compensation expense over the vesting period. Awards that do not vest are forfeited.

We grant PSUs to our executive officers. At the time of grant, we calculate the fair value of our PSUs using the Monte-Carlo simulation. We incorporate the following variables into the valuation model:

	hs Ended October 31, 2020
Grant date fair market value	
American Outdoor Brands, Inc.	\$ 13.30
Russell 2000 Index	\$ 1,504.59
Volatility (a)	
American Outdoor Brands, Inc.	47.54%
Russell 2000 Index	27.70%
Correlation coefficient (b)	0.48
Risk-free interest rate (c)	0.17%
Dividend yield (d)	0%

Expected volatility is calculated based on a peer group over the most recent period that represents the remaining term of the performance period as of the valuation date, or three (a) years.

The correlation coefficient utilizes the same historical price data used to develop the volatility assumptions.

(b)

The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield of a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury bill, commensurate with the three-year performance period.

We do not plan to pay dividends.

The PSUs vest, and the fair value of such PSUs will be recognized, over the corresponding three-year performance period. Our PSUs have a maximum aggregate award equal to 200% of the target unit amount granted. Generally, the number of PSUs that may be earned depends upon the total stockholder return, or TSR, of our common stock compared with the TSR of the Russell 2000 Index, or RUT, over the three-year performance period. For PSUs, our stock must outperform the RUT by 5% in order for the target award to vest. In addition, there is a cap on the number of shares that can be earned under our PSUs, which is equal to six times the grant-date value of each award.

During the six months ended October 31, 2020, we granted an aggregate of 165,559 service-based RSUs to executive officers, non-executive officer employees, and directors, and 78,045 PSUs to certain executive officers under our 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan. During the six months ended October 31, 2020, we cancelled 312 service-based RSUs as a result of the service condition not being met. In connection with the vesting of RSUs, during the six months ended October 31, 2020, we delivered common stock to directors under our 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan with a total market value of \$235,000.

During the six months ended October 31, 2019, we granted an aggregate of 29,513 service-based RSUs to non-executive officer employees. During the six months ended October 31, 2019, we cancelled 46,754 service-based RSUs as a result of the service condition not being met. In connection with the vesting of RSUs, during the six months ended October 31, 2019, we delivered common stock to our employees, including our executive officers, with a total market value of \$135,000.

A summary of activity for unvested RSUs and PSUs under our 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan for the six months ended October 31, 2020 is as follows:

	For the six months ended October 31, 2020				
	Total # of Restricted Stock Units		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		
RSUs and PSUs outstanding, beginning of period	_	\$	_		
Converted on August 24, 2020	237,589		9.20		
Awarded	243,604		14.08		
Vested	(16,631)		9.20		
Forfeited	(312)		11.52		
RSUs and PSUs outstanding, end of period	464,250	\$	11.76		

As of October 31, 2020, there was \$3.3 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSUs and PSUs. This expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted average remaining contractual term of 1.9 years.

#### (9) Accrued Expenses:

The following table sets forth other accrued expenses as of October 31, 2020 and April 30, 2020 (in thousands):

	Oc	tober 31, 2020	April 30, 2020
Accrued allowances	\$	3,739	\$ 2,441
Accrued freight		3,986	1,646
Accrued commissions		2,268	954
Accrued employee benefits		378	754
Accrued professional fees		469	787
Accrued taxes other than income		579	197
Accrued warranty		333	336
Accrued other		90	540
Total accrued expenses	\$	11,842	\$ 7,655

#### (10) Income Taxes:

The income tax expense/(benefit) included in the consolidated and combined statements of operations is based upon the estimated effective tax rate for the year, adjusted for the impact of discrete items which are accounted for in the period in which they occur. We recorded income tax expense of \$2.4 million for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and income tax expense of \$94,000 for the three months ended October 31, 2019. The effective tax rate for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 was 24.7% and (31.4)%, respectively. Income tax expense for three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 included a discrete tax benefit of \$210,000 and \$642,000, respectively, associated with the allocation of a portion of SWBI's total corporate and distribution expenses for the purposes of presenting the combined financial statements on a carve-out basis. We recorded income tax expense of \$3.5 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and an income tax benefit of \$1.2 million for the six months ended October 31, 2019. The effective tax rate for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 was 27.7% and 18.3%, respectively. Income tax expense/(benefit) for six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 included a discrete tax benefit of \$579,000 and \$1.3 million respectively, associated with the allocation of a portion of SWBI's total corporate and distribution expenses for the purposes of presenting the combined financial statements on a carve-out basis. For the period prior to the Separation, income taxes were recorded based on a carve-out basis. Prior to the Separation, our portion of income taxes were settled in the period the related tax expense was recorded. After the Separation, our income taxes are prepared on a stand-alone basis.

#### (11) Commitments and Contingencies:

Litigation

From time to time, we are involved in lawsuits, claims, investigations, and proceedings, including those relating to product liability, intellectual property, commercial relationships, employment issues, and governmental matters. Litigation, regardless of the merits, can be expensive, time consuming, and divert the time and attention of management personnel, and unfavorable outcomes can harm our business. We actively monitor the status of litigation and vigorously defend claims and assert all appropriate defenses to litigation against us.

#### (12) Segment Reporting:

We have evaluated our operations under ASC 280-10-50-1 — *Segment Reporting* and have concluded that we are operating as one segment based on several key factors, including the reporting and review process used by the chief operating decision maker, our President and Chief Executive Officer, who reviews only one set of complete financial statements and makes decisions to allocate resources based on those financial statements. Although we currently sell our products under 20 distinct brands that are organized into four brand lanes and include specific product sales that have identified revenue streams, these brand lanes are focused almost entirely on product development and marketing activities and do not qualify as separate reporting units under ASC 280-10-50-1. Other sales and customer focused activities, operating activities, and administrative activities are not divided by brand lane and, therefore, expenses related to each brand lane are not accumulated or reviewed individually. Our business is evaluated based upon a number of financial and operating measures, including sales, gross profit and gross margin, operating expenses, and operating margin.

Our business includes our outdoor products and accessories products, which we develop, source, market, and distribute at our facilities in Columbia, Missouri, and our electro-optics products, which we assemble in our Wilsonville, Oregon facility. We report operating costs based on the activities performed.

#### (13) Related Party Transactions:

Prior to the Separation, the combined financial statements were prepared on a standalone basis and were derived from the consolidated financial statements and accounting records of SWBI, the former Parent. The following discussion summarizes activity between us and the former Parent prior to the Separation on August 24, 2020 (and its affiliates that are not part of the Separation).

#### Allocation of General Corporate Expenses

Prior to the Separation, the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss) included expenses for certain centralized functions and other programs provided and administered by the former Parent that were charged directly to us. In addition, for purposes of preparing these combined financial statements on a carve-out basis, we have allocated a portion of the former Parent total corporate and selling, marketing, and distribution expenses to us. See Note 1 – *Background, Description of Business, and Basis of Presentation* for a discussion of the methodology used to allocate corporate-related costs and selling, marketing, and distribution expenses for purposes of preparing these financial statements on a carve-out basis.

#### Related Party Sales and Purchases

For the period prior to the Separation in fiscal 2021, our sales to the former Parent totaled \$882,000 and \$2.4 million during our second fiscal quarter 2021 and our fiscal year 2021, respectively, which are included in net sales in the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss). Our sales to the former Parent totaled \$6.2 million and \$10.3 million for the three and six months ended October 31, 2019, respectively. Our cost of goods sold included an immaterial amount for items purchased from the former Parent for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019. As of October 31, 2020, and April 30, 2020, the aggregate amount of inventories purchased from the former Parent that remained on our consolidated and combined balance sheet was \$443,000 and \$435,000, respectively.

#### Net Transfers To and From SWBI

Prior to the Separation, the former Parent utilized a centralized approach to cash management and financing its operations. Disbursements were made through centralized accounts payable systems, which were operated by the former Parent. Cash receipts were transferred to centralized accounts, which were also maintained by the former Parent. As cash was received and disbursed by the former Parent, it was accounted for by us through the former parent company investment. Certain related party transactions between us and the former Parent have been included within the former parent company investment in the combined balance sheets in the historical periods presented. All notes to and from the former parent company were settled in connection with the Separation. As of April 30, 2020, the former net parent company investment included related party receivables due from the former Parent of \$85.0 million. The interest income and expense related to the activity with the former Parent that was historically included in our results prior to the Separation is presented on a net basis in the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss). Interest income on the activity with the former Parent was \$424,000 during the first four months of our fiscal year 2021 and prior to the Separation and \$2.1 million for the six months ended October 31, 2019. The total effect of the settlement of these related party transactions is reflected as a financing activity in the combined statements of cash flows. On August 24, 2020, the former Parent capitalized our company with \$25.0 million of cash as part of the Separation.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### Overview

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations for the three and six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the audited combined financial statements and the notes thereto contained in our Form 10. This discussion and analysis should also be read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated and combined financial statements and the notes thereto included in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The following discussion and analysis includes forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed above in "Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information" in this Form 10-Q. In addition, this section sets forth key objectives and performance indicators used by us as well as key industry data tracked by us.

#### **Background**

On November 13, 2019, Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc., or SWBI, announced that it was proceeding with a plan to spin-off its outdoor products and accessories business to our company, American Outdoor Brands, Inc., a newly formed wholly owned subsidiary formed in anticipation of the Separation, resulting in two distinct, publicly traded companies.

On August 24, 2020, SWBI completed the Separation through a pro-rata distribution, or the Distribution, of all the outstanding shares of our common stock to the stockholders of record of SWBI as of the close of business on August 10, 2020, or the Record Date. Each SWBI stockholder of record received one share of our common stock, \$0.001 par value, for every four shares of SWBI common stock, \$0.001 par value, held by such stockholder as of the close of business on the Record Date. SWBI distributed 13,975,104 shares of our common stock in the Distribution, which was effective at 12:01 a.m., Eastern Time, on August 24, 2020. As a result of the Distribution, we became an independent public company and our common stock became listed under the symbol "AOUT" on the Nasdaq Global Select Market. Prior to the Separation, the unaudited combined financial statements reflected the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented as historically managed by SWBI. For those periods prior to the Separation, the unaudited combined financial statements were prepared on a "carve out" basis as described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Our financial statements for the periods through the Separation date of August 24, 2020 are combined financial statements prepared on a "carve out" basis as discussed below. Our financial statements for the period from August 24, 2020 through October 31, 2020 are consolidated financial statements based on the reported results of our company as a standalone company. Accordingly, the second quarter of fiscal 2021 included consolidated and combined financial statements, while all prior periods included combined financial statements.

Prior to the Separation, we operated as part of SWBI and not as a standalone company. The accompanying combined financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q were prepared in connection with the Separation and were derived from the consolidated financial statements and accounting records of SWBI.

These consolidated and combined financial statements reflect our historical financial position, results of operations, and cash flows as they were historically managed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The consolidated and combined financial statements may not be indicative of our future performance and do not necessarily reflect what the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows would have been had we operated as an independent, publicly traded company during the historical periods presented, particularly because of changes we will experience in the future as a result of the Separation, including changes in the financing, cash management, operations, cost structure, and personnel needs of our business.

Prior to the Separation, the combined financial statements included certain assets and liabilities held at the SWBI corporate level, but were specifically identifiable to or otherwise attributable to us. Our combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss) also include costs for certain pre-Separation centralized functions and programs provided and administered by SWBI that are charged directly to SWBI businesses, including us. These centralized functions and programs include legal, benefit programs, and insurance. We were directly charged for these costs that were included in general and administrative expenses in the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss).

In addition, for purposes of preparing the combined financial statements, prior to the Separation, on a "carve-out" basis, a portion of SWBI's total corporate expenses were allocated to us. These expense allocations included the cost of corporate functions

and resources provided by SWBI, including executive management, finance, accounting, legal, human resources, internal audit, and the related benefit costs associated with such functions, such as stock-based compensation and the cost of the SWBI Springfield, Massachusetts corporate headquarters. In fiscal 2020, SWBI began operating a new distribution facility in Columbia, Missouri, which included shared distribution expenses between SWBI and us. In addition to the portion of SWBI corporate expenses allocated to us prior to the Separation, a portion of SWBI total distribution expenses was allocated to us. These expense allocations included selling, distribution, inventory management, warehouse, and fulfillment services provided by SWBI and the related benefit costs associated with such functions, such as stock-based compensation and the cost of the SWBI Columbia, Missouri distribution facility. For the period prior to the Separation in fiscal 2021, we were allocated \$637,000 and \$2.7 million during our second fiscal quarter 2021 and our fiscal year 2020, respectively, and \$2.4 million and \$4.8 million for the three and six months ended October 31, 2019, respectively, for such corporate expenses, which were included within general and administrative expenses in the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss). For the period prior to the Separation in fiscal 2021, we were also allocated \$290,000 and \$1.9 million, during our second fiscal quarter 2021 and our fiscal year 2021, respectively, of such distribution expenses, which were included within cost of sales; selling, marketing, and distribution expenses; and general and administrative expenses in the combined statements of operations and comprehensive income/(loss). For the three and six months ended October 31, 2019, we were allocated \$2.5 million and \$3.4 million of distribution expenses.

Prior to the Separation, costs were allocated to us based on direct usage when identifiable or, when not directly identifiable, on the basis of proportional net sales, employee headcount, delivery units, or square footage, as applicable. We consider the basis on which the expenses have been allocated to reasonably reflect the utilization of services provided to, or the benefit received by, us during the periods presented. However, the allocations may not reflect the expenses we would have incurred if we had been a standalone company for the periods presented prior to the Separation. Actual costs that may have been incurred if we had been a standalone company would depend on a number of factors, including the organizational structure, whether functions were outsourced or performed by employees, and strategic decisions made in areas such as information technology and infrastructure. Going forward, we may perform these functions using our own resources or outsourced services. For a period following the Separation, however, some of these functions will continue to be provided by SWBI under a Transition Services Agreement. Additionally, we will provide some services to SWBI under such Transition Services Agreements with SWBI in connection with the Separation.

Subsequent to the completion of the Separation, we began to incur costs to establish certain standalone functions, information technology systems, and other one-time costs. Recurring standalone costs include accounting, financial reporting, tax, regulatory compliance, corporate governance, information technology, treasury, legal, and investor relations functions, as well as the annual expenses associated with running an independent, publicly traded company, including listing fees, board of director fees, and external audit costs. Recurring standalone costs, which are expected to continue in future periods, may differ materially from historical allocations, which may have an impact on profitability and operating cash flows.

We operate and report using a fiscal year ending on April 30 of each year.

#### **Second Quarter Fiscal 2021 Highlights**

Our operating results for the three months ended October 31, 2020 included the following:

- Net sales were \$79.1 million, an increase of \$31.4 million, or 65.7%, over the comparable quarter last year, primarily because of higher net sales in both our e-commerce channels and traditional channels.
- Gross margin was 46.9%, an increase of 690 basis points over the comparable quarter last year.
- Net income was \$7.3 million, or \$0.52 per diluted share, compared with net loss of \$393,000, or \$(0.03) per diluted share, for the comparable quarter last year.
- Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDAS was \$15.8 million for the three months ended October 31, 2020 compared with \$5.6 million for the three
  months ended October 31, 2019. See non-GAAP financial measure disclosures below for our reconciliation of non-GAAP Adjusted
  EBITDAS.

Our operating results for the six months ended October 31, 2020 included the following:

- Net sales were \$129.6 million, an increase of \$48.6 million, or 60.0%, over the prior year comparable period, primarily because of higher net sales in both our e-commerce channels and traditional channels.
- Gross margin was 46.9%, an increase of 640 basis points over the prior year comparable period.
- Net income was \$9.1 million, or \$0.65 per diluted share, compared with net loss of \$5.4 million, or \$(0.38) per diluted share, for the prior year comparable period.
- Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDAS was \$24.5 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020 compared with \$5.7 million for the six months ended October 31, 2019. See non-GAAP financial measure disclosures below for our reconciliation of non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDAS.

• On August 24, 2020, we entered into a new financing arrangement consisting of a \$50.0 million revolving line of credit secured by substantially all the assets of our company, maturing five years from the closing date, with available borrowings determined by a borrowing base calculation. The revolving line includes an option to increase the credit commitment for an additional \$15.0 million.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Net Sales and Gross Profit

The following table sets forth certain information regarding consolidated net sales and gross profit for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020		2019		2019		\$ Change	% Change	
Net sales	\$ 79,098	\$	47,742	\$	31,356	65.7%			
Cost of sales	42,025		28,651		13,374	46.7%			
Gross profit	\$ 37,073	\$	19,091	\$	17,982	94.2%			
% of net sales (gross margin)	46.9%	)	40.0%	,					

The following table sets forth certain information regarding trade channel net sales for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020		2019	\$ Change	% Change	
e-commerce channels	\$ 26,243	\$	8,373	\$ 17,870	213.4%	
Traditional channels	52,855		39,369	13,486	34.3%	
Total net sales	\$ 79,098	\$	47,742	\$ 31,356	65.7%	

Our e-commerce channels include net sales from customers that do not traditionally operate a physical brick-and-mortar store, but generate the majority of their revenue from consumer purchases from their retail websites. Our e-commerce channels also include our direct-to-consumer sales. Our traditional channels include customers that primarily operate out of physical brick-and-mortar stores and generate the large majority of revenue from consumer purchases in their brick-and-mortar locations.

We sell our products worldwide. The following table sets forth certain information regarding geographic makeup of net sales included in the above table for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020		2019		\$ Change	% Change	
Domestic net sales	\$ 76,525	\$	45,389	\$	31,136	68.6%	
International net sales	2,573		2,353		220	9.3%	
Total net sales	\$ 79,098	\$	47,742	\$	31,356	65.7%	

For the three months ended October 31, 2020, net sales increased \$31.4 million, or 65.7%, over the comparable quarter last year, primarily because of higher demand for the majority of our products, which we believe was driven by increased consumer interest in self-protection, indicated by total adjusted background checks as reported to the National Instant Check System, or NICS, that suggests approximately eight million new consumers entering the firearms market in calendar 2020, as well as increased participation in outdoor activities, such as hunting, camping, and fishing. This increased consumer interest and participation supplemented normal seasonal trends in our business which also occurred in our second fiscal quarter 2020. There were also several factors, which we believe were related to the COVID-19 pandemic, including increased participation in outdoor recreation activities that had a favorable impact on our net sales. We believe our investments in our logistics and e-commerce structure have enabled us to respond effectively to increased demand for our products. Net sales in our e-commerce channel increased \$17.9 million, or 213.4%, over the comparable quarter last year, which we believe resulted from a shift in consumer preference to online purchases during the current period and increases in our own direct-to-consumer business. Net sales in our traditional channels increased \$13.5 million, or 34.3%, over the comparable quarter last year. Increases in both our e-commerce and traditional channels were driven largely by increased consumer interest and the impact of COVID-19 on retail locations, as mentioned above. In addition, feedback from certain of our large retail customers seems to indicate significant growth over the comparable quarter last year, reflecting strong consumer demand for our products in the channel. The increase in net sales was partially offset by a decline in sales of our branded camping accessory products due to an acceleration of one large retail customer's strategy towards its ow

New products, defined as any new SKU not shipped in the comparable quarter last year, represented 14.6% of net sales for the three months ended October 31, 2020.

Gross margin for the three months ended October 31, 2020 increased 690 basis points over the comparable quarter last year, primarily because of increased product demand, favorable product mix, and lower promotional expenses, which increased gross margins by 1,150 basis points, partially offset by writing down our inventory for discounted inventory and tariff costs that reduced gross margins by 450 basis points.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding consolidated net sales and gross profit for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020		2019		\$ Change	% Change
Net sales	\$ 129,565	\$	80,959	\$	48,606	60.0%
Cost of sales	68,762		48,201		20,561	42.7%
Gross profit	\$ 60,803	\$	32,758	\$	28,045	85.6%
% of net sales (gross margin)	46.9%	ó	40.5%			

The following table sets forth certain information regarding trade channel net sales for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	2019	 Change	% Change
e-commerce channels	\$ 50,791	\$ 19,061	\$ 31,730	166.5%
Traditional channels	78,774	61,898	16,876	27.3%
Total net sales	\$ 129,565	\$ 80,959	\$ 48,606	60.0%

The following table sets forth certain information regarding geographic makeup of net sales included in the above table for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	2019	\$ Change	% Change
Domestic net sales	\$ 124,996	\$ 77,354	\$ 47,642	61.6%
International net sales	4,569	3,605	964	26.7%
Total net sales	\$ 129,565	\$ 80,959	\$ 48,606	60.0%

For the six months ended October 31, 2020, net sales increased \$48.6 million, or 60.0%, over the prior year comparable period, primarily because of higher demand for the majority of our products for the same reasons mentioned above. In addition, our initiative to migrate certain retail customers away from "bulk buy" ordering, which is typically discounted, to a more balanced approach to order replenishment had a favorable impact on net sales and order cadence. There were also several factors, which we believe were related to the COVID-19 pandemic, such as increased participation in outdoor recreation activities driven by state-mandated travel restrictions, increased retail foot traffic after the reopening of retail locations that were previously ordered to be closed, and our ability to replenish retailer inventory after non-essential product orders were halted in our fourth fiscal quarter last year that had a positive impact on our net sales for the six months ended October 31, 2020. We believe our investments in our logistics and e-commerce structure have enabled us to respond effectively to increased demand for our products. Net sales in our e-commerce channel increased \$31.7 million, or 166.5%, over the prior year comparable period, which we believe resulted from a shift in consumer preference to online purchasers during the current period and increases in our own direct-to-consumer business. Net sales in our traditional channels increased \$16.9 million, or 27.3%, over the prior year comparable period because of increased consumer interest and the impact of COVID-19 on retail locations after they have reopened, as mentioned above. In addition, feedback from certain of our large retail customers seems to indicate significant growth over the comparable quarter last year, reflecting strong consumer demand for our products in the channel. The increase in net sales was partially offset by lower related party sales and a decline in sales of our branded camping accessory products due to an acceleration of one large

New products represented 12.3% of net sales for the six months ended October 31, 2020.

Gross margin for the six months ended October 31, 2020 increased 640 basis points over the prior year comparable period, primarily because of increased product demand, favorable product mix, and lower promotional expenses, which increased gross margins by 1,270 basis points, partially offset by writing down our inventory for discounted inventory and tariff costs that reduced gross margins by 500 basis points.

#### **Operating Expenses**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding operating expenses for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020		2019		\$ Change	% Change
Research and development	\$ 1,932	\$	1,193	\$	739	61.9%
Selling and marketing	15,679		9,964		5,715	57.4%
General and administrative	9,898		9,406		492	5.2%
Total operating expenses	\$ 27,509	\$	20,563	\$	6,946	33.8%
% of net sales	34.8%	)	43.1%	)		

Research and development expenses increased \$739,000, primarily as a result of increased compensation-related expenses and consulting from the comparable quarter last year. Selling, marketing, and distribution expenses increased \$5.7 million, partially as a result of \$2.7 million of increased co-op advertising and commission expenses related to strategic customers that are generally calculated as a percentage of net sales; \$624,000 of increased expenses for the launch of new brand websites and other brand initiatives; \$370,000 of increased distribution labor costs to increase shipping capacity; and \$344,000 of increased depreciation on warehouse equipment. General and administrative expenses increased \$492,000, primarily due to \$1.6 million of increased compensation-related expenses, offset by \$651,000 of lower acquired intangible asset amortization.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding operating expenses for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020		2019		\$ Change		% Change
Research and development	\$	3,162	\$	2,525	\$	637	25.2%
Selling, marketing, and distribution		26,305		17,682		8,623	48.8%
General and administrative		19,308		21,243		(1,935)	-9.1%
Total operating expenses	\$	48,775	\$	41,450	\$	7,325	17.7%
% of net sales		37.6%		51.2%	)		

Research and development expenses increased \$637,000, primarily as a result of increased compensation-related expenses, employee-related expenses, and consulting expenses from the prior year comparable period. Selling, marketing, and distribution expenses increased \$8.6 million, partially as a result of \$3.9 million of increased co-op advertising and commission expenses related to strategic customers that are generally calculated as a percentage of net sales, \$1.6 million of increased costs related to the development of our e-commerce initiatives and brand website launches; \$870,000 of increased distribution labor costs to increase shipping capacity; \$444,000 of increased freight expense from increased shipments to customers during the six months ended October 31, 2020; and \$735,000 of increased advertising for new brand introductions. General and administrative expenses decreased \$1.9 million, primarily due to \$1.3 million of lower acquired intangible asset amortization, and \$1.1 million of facility consolidations, partially offset by higher compensation-related expenses.

#### Operating Income/(Loss)

The following table sets forth certain information regarding operating income for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020		2019	\$ Change	% Change
Operating income/(loss)	\$ 9,564	\$	(1,472)	\$ 11,036	-749.7%
% of net sales (operating margin)	12.1%	1	-3.1%		

Operating income for the three months ended October 31, 2020 was \$9.6 million, an increase of \$11.0 million from a \$1.5 million operating loss for the three months ended October 31, 2019, primarily because of increased sales volumes and increased gross margin as described above.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding operating income for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020			2019	\$ Change	% Change
Operating income/(loss)	\$ 12	,028	\$	(8,692)	\$ 20,720	-238.4%
% of net sales (operating margin)		9.3%	, )	-10.7%		

Operating income for the six months ended October 31, 2020 was \$12.0 million, an increase of \$20.7 million from a \$8.7 million operating loss for the six months ended October 31, 2019, primarily because of increased sales volumes and increased gross margin as described above.

#### Interest Income, Net

The following table sets forth certain information regarding related party interest income, net for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2	020	2019	 \$ Change	% Change
Interest income, net	\$	56	\$ 1,178	\$ (1,122)	-95.2%

During the three months ended October 31, 2020, interest income decreased \$1.1 million from the comparable quarter last year because of lower related party notes receivable balances. The related party notes were settled on the date of the Distribution.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding related party interest income, net for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020	2019	\$ Change	% Change
Interest income, net	\$ 392	\$ 2,116	\$ (1,724)	-81.5%

During the six months ended October 31, 2020, interest income decreased \$1.7 million from the prior year comparable period because of lower related party notes receivable balances. The related party notes were settled on the date of the Distribution.

#### Income Taxes

The following table sets forth certain information regarding income tax expense for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	 2020		2019	\$ Change	% Change
Income tax expense	\$ 2,408	\$	94	\$ 2,314	2461.7%
% of income/(loss) from operations (effective tax rate)	24.7%	, )	-31.4%		56.1%

We recorded income tax expense of \$2.4 million for the three months ended October 31, 2020, versus income tax expense of \$94,000 for the prior year comparable quarter, primarily because of increased operating profit. The effective tax rates for October 31, 2020 and 2019 include discrete items related to the corporate and distribution expense allocations presented in the combined financial statements on a "carve out" basis.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding income tax expense/(benefit) for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020		2019	\$ Change	% Change
Income tax expense/(benefit)	\$ 3,503	\$	(1,204)	\$ 4,707	-390.9%
% of income/(loss) from operations (effective tax rate)	27.7%	1	18.3%		

We recorded income tax expense of \$3.5 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020, versus income tax benefit of \$1.2 million for the prior year comparable quarter, primarily because of increased operating profit. The effective tax rates for October 31, 2020 and 2019 include discrete items related to the corporate and distribution expense allocations presented in the combined financial statements on a "carve out" basis.

#### Net Income/(Loss)

The following table sets forth certain information regarding net income/(loss) and the related per share data for the three months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

	2020		2019		\$ Change		% Change
Net income/(loss)	\$	7,339	\$	(393)	\$	7,732	-1967.4%
Net income/(loss) per share							
Basic	\$	0.52	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.55	-1833.3%
Diluted	\$	0.52	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.55	-1833.3%

Net income of \$7.3 million, or \$0.52 per diluted share, for the three months ended October 31, 2020 was \$7.7 million higher than \$393,000 net loss, or (\$0.03) per share, for the comparable quarter last year, primarily because of a combination of increased sales volumes, favorable customer, product mix, and lower promotional expenses, favorable manufacturing fixed cost absorption, and lower acquisition related amortization expense.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding net income/(loss) and the related per share data for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

	 2020	 2019	\$ Change	% Change
Net income/(loss)	\$ 9,128	\$ (5,379)	\$ 14,507	-269.7%
Net income/(loss) per share				
Basic	\$ 0.65	\$ (0.38)	\$ 1.03	-271.1%
Diluted	\$ 0.65	\$ (0.38)	\$ 1.03	-271.1%

Net income of \$9.1 million, or \$0.65 per diluted share, for the six months ended October 31, 2020 was \$14.5 million higher than a \$5.4 million net loss, or (\$0.38) per share, for the prior year comparable period, primarily because of a combination of increased sales volumes, favorable customer, product mix, and lower promotional expenses, favorable manufacturing fixed cost absorption, lower acquisition related amortization expense, and lower bad debt expenses.

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measure**

We use GAAP net income as our primary financial measure. We use Adjusted EBITDAS, which is a non-GAAP financial metric, as a supplemental measure of our performance in order to provide investors with an improved understanding of underlying performance trends, and it should be considered in addition to, but not instead of, the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted EBITDAS is defined as GAAP net income/(loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and stock compensation expense. Our Adjusted EBITDAS calculation also excludes certain items we consider non-routine. We believe that Adjusted EBITDAS is useful to understanding our operating results and the ongoing performance of our underlying business, as Adjusted EBITDAS provides information on our ability to meet our capital expenditure and working capital requirements, and is also an indicator of profitability. We believe this reporting provides additional transparency and comparability to our operating results. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDAS is useful to investors because it is frequently used by analysts, investors, and other interested parties to evaluate companies in our industry. We use Adjusted EBITDAS to supplement GAAP measures of performance to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies, to make budgeting decisions, and to neutralize our capitalization structure to compare our performance against that of other peer companies using similar measures, especially companies that are private. We also use Adjusted EBITDAS to supplement GAAP measures of performance to evaluate our performance in connection with compensation decisions. We believe it is useful to investors and analysts to evaluate this non-GAAP measure on the same basis as we use to evaluate our operating results.

Adjusted EBITDAS is a non-GAAP measure and may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other companies. In addition, non-GAAP measures have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. We address the limitations of non-GAAP measures through the use of various GAAP measures. In the future, we may incur expenses or charges such as those added back to calculate Adjusted EBITDAS. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDAS should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by these items.

The following table sets forth our calculation of non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDAS for the three and six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively (dollars in thousands):

	T	hree Months E	nded October 31,	Six Months En	Six Months Ended October 31,		
		2020	2019	2020	2019		
			(Una	udited)			
GAAP net income/(loss)	\$	7,339	\$ (393)	) \$ 9,128	\$ (5,379)		
Income tax expense/(benefit)		2,408	94	3,503	(1,204)		
Depreciation and amortization		5,068	6,179	10,459	12,156		
Related party interest income		(88)	(1,178	) (424)	(2,116)		
Stock compensation		899	352	1,196	666		
Transition costs		13	521	264	1,607		
COVID-19 costs		_	_	223	_		
Other		125	_	125	_		
Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDAS	\$	15,764	\$ 5,575	\$ 24,474	\$ 5,730		

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Historically, we have generated strong annual cash flow from operating activities. However, prior to the Separation, we operated within our former parent company's cash management structure, which used a centralized approach to cash management and financing of operations. Accordingly, a substantial portion of our cash was regularly transferred to our former parent company. This arrangement was not reflective of the manner in which we would have been able to finance our operations had we been an independent, publicly traded company during the periods presented.

The cash and cash equivalents historically held by our former parent company at the corporate level were not specifically identifiable to us and therefore have not been reflected in the historical combined balance sheet. On August 24, 2020, our former parent company capitalized our business with \$25.0 million of cash as part of the Separation.

Our former parent company incurred debt and related debt issuance costs with respect to the acquisitions of the carved-out businesses. However, such debt was refinanced since the consummation of these acquisitions, with the proceeds of such refinancing utilized for the retirement of original debt obligations as well as the funding of other former parent company expenditures. As a result, the former parent company third-party long-term debt and the related interest expense was not allocated to us for any of the periods presented as we were not the legal obligor of such debt.

Following the Separation, our capital structure and sources of liquidity changed from the historical capital structure because we no longer participate in our former parent company's centralized cash management program. Our ability to fund our operating needs depends on our future ability to continue to generate positive cash flow from operations and obtain financing on acceptable terms. Based upon our history of generating strong cash flows, we believe we will be able to meet our short-term liquidity needs. We also believe we will meet known or reasonably likely future cash requirements through the combination of cash flows from operating activities, available cash balances, and available borrowings through our existing \$50.0 million credit facility. If these sources of liquidity need to be augmented, additional cash requirements would likely be financed through the issuance of debt or equity securities; however, there can be no assurances that we will be able to obtain additional debt or equity financing on acceptable terms in the future.

Our separation from our former parent company may increase the overall cost of debt funding and decrease the overall debt capacity and commercial credit available to us.

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including net sales, the timing and extent of spending to support product development efforts, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, the timing of introductions of new products and enhancements to existing products, the capital needed to operate as an independent publicly traded company, any acquisitions or strategic investments that we may determine to make, and our ability to navigate through the many negative business impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic. Further equity or debt financing may not be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. If sufficient funds are not available or are not available on acceptable terms, our ability to take advantage of unexpected business opportunities or to respond to competitive pressures could be limited or severely constrained.

We had \$33.9 million of cash equivalents on hand as of October 31, 2020, and had \$234,000 in cash and cash equivalents on hand as of April 30. 2020.

We expect to utilize our cash flows to continue to invest in our brands, including research and development of new product initiatives, talent and capabilities, and growth strategies, including any potential acquisitions, and to repay any indebtedness we may incur over time.

The following table sets forth certain cash flow information for the six months ended October 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	2020	2019	\$ Change	% Change
Operating activities	\$ 4,456	\$ (1,914)	\$ 6,370	-332.8%
Investing activities	(2,106)	(894)	(1,212)	135.6%
Financing activities	31,296	3,072	28,224	918.8%
Total cash flow	\$ 33,646	\$ 264	\$ 33,382	12644.7%

#### **Operating Activities**

On an annual basis, operating activities generally represent the principal source of our cash flow.

Cash generated by operating activities was \$4.6 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020 compared with cash used of \$1.9 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020 was favorably impacted by \$11.7 million of higher accounts payable due to timing of payments and inventory shipments and \$5.7 million of higher sales volume variable expense accruals, and \$2.4 million of increased payroll and management incentive accruals, offset by \$13.6 million of increased inventory as a result of the preparation for the hunting and holiday shopping season and a planned inventory build for new product introductions later in the year, and \$23.0 million increased accounts receivable due to higher net sales and timing of shipments.

Our inventory increased \$4.0 million during the three months ended October 31, 2020. Items impacting our inventory included a planned inventory build to support anticipated, increased demand leading up to the hunting and holiday shopping seasons, the resolution of COVID-19 related supply chain issues that resulted in increased order fulfillment of our inventory, additional planned purchases to help mitigate potential future supply chain disruptions, and the anticipation of new product introductions later in the fiscal year. These increases were partially offset by increased sales and improved order cadence, which improved inventory turns. It is possible that worsening of conditions or increased fears of a pandemic could have a renewed and prolonged effect on manufacturing or employment in China, travel to and from China, or other restrictions on imports, all of which could have a longer-term effect on our sales and profitability in future periods. We expect inventory to increase or remain flat in our third and fourth fiscal quarters due to a planned inventory build in anticipation of new product introductions later in the fiscal year combined with our focus on higher priced products that we expect will increase inventory values.

#### **Investing Activities**

Cash used in investing activities increased \$1.2 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020 from the prior year comparable period. This increase was mostly due to the fact that we recorded capital expenditures of \$1.8 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020, which was \$944,000 higher than the prior year comparable period.

#### **Financing Activities**

Cash provided by financing activities was \$31.3 million for the six months ended October 31, 2020 compared with \$3.1 million of cash provided by financing activities in the prior year comparable period because of changes in net transfers from our former parent company and the \$25.0 million cash capital contribution from our former parent company as part of the Separation.

#### Credit Facility

On August 24, 2020, we entered into a new financing arrangement in anticipation of the Separation, consisting of a \$50 million revolving line of credit secured by substantially all our assets, maturing five years from the closing date, with available borrowings determined by a borrowing base calculation. Based on this calculation, the entire \$50.0 million was available to us as of October 31, 2020. The revolving line includes an option to increase the credit commitment for an additional \$15.0 million. The revolving line bears interest at a fluctuating rate equal to the Base Rate or LIBOR, as applicable, plus the applicable margin. If adequate means do not exist for ascertaining the LIBOR Rate, any borrowing under the credit facility may be converted into Base Rate Loans. The

applicable margin can range from a minimum of 0.75% to a maximum of 2.25% based on certain conditions as defined in the credit agreement. The financing arrangement contains covenants relating to minimum debt service coverage. As of October 31, 2020, the revolving line of credit had no borrowings. If we would have had borrowings at October 31, 2020, those borrowings would have borne interest at approximately 1.97%, which is equal to the LIBOR rate plus the applicable margin. We recorded \$410,000 of debt issuance costs associated with entering into this financing arrangement.

#### Other Matters

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of our consolidated and combined financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of net sales and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements included in the Form 10. The most significant areas involving our judgments and estimates are described in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Form 10, to which there have been no material changes. Actual results could differ from our estimates.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

The nature and impact of recent accounting pronouncements, if any, is discussed in Note 2—Recently Adopted and Issued Accounting Standards to our consolidated and combined financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There were no material changes from the information provided in Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk in the Form 10.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As of October 31, 2020, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. These disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter ended October 31, 2020 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The nature of legal proceedings against us is discussed in Note 11 — *Commitments and Contingencies* to our consolidated and combined financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

We have disclosed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Information Statement included as Exhibit 99.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on August 4, 2020, risk factors that materially affect our business, financial condition, or results of operations. There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

As of October 31, 2020, we had no authorized share repurchase programs.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the Index to Exhibits (immediately preceding the signatures section of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q) are included herewith or incorporated herein by reference.

#### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

2.1	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2020, by and between Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. and the Registrant (1)
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (1)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws (1)
10.1	Transition Services Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2020, by and between Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. and the Registrant (1)
10.2	Tax Matters Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2020, by and between Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. and the Registrant (1)
10.3	Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2020, by and between Smith & Wesson Brands, Inc. and the Registrant (1)
10.4	Trademark License Agreement, dated as of August 24, 2020, by and between Smith & Wesson Inc. and AOB Products Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant (1)
10.5	Sublease, dated as of August 24, 2020, by and between Smith & Wesson Sales Company and the Registrant (1)
10.6	Supply Agreement, dated as of August 24, 2020, by and between Crimson Trace Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant, as Supplier, and Smith & Wesson Inc. (1)
10.7	Supply Agreement, dated as of August 24, 2020, by and between AOB Products Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant, as Supplier, and Smith & Wesson Inc. (1)
10.8+	2020 Incentive Compensation Plan (1)
10.9+	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan (1)
10.10+	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan (1)
10.11+	Form of Performance Stock Unit Award Grant Notice and Agreement to the 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan (1)
10.12+	2020 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (1)
10.13+	Employment Agreement by and between the Registrant and Brian D. Murphy (1)
10.14+	Executive Severance Pay Plan (1)
10.15	Form of Indemnification Agreement entered into between the Registrant and each of its directors and executive officers (1)
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10.16	Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of August 24, 2020, by and among AOB Products Company, Crimson Trace Corporation, American Outdoor Brands, Inc., Battenfeld Acquisition Company Inc., BTI Tools, LLC, Ultimate Survival Technologies, LLC, AOBC Asia Consulting, LLC, TD Bank, N.A., and the other banks, financial institutions, and other entities from time to time parties thereto (1)
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Financial Officer
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Principal Executive Officer
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Principal Financial Officer
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL with applicable taxonomy extension information contained in Exhibits 101).

 <sup>+</sup> Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
 (1) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Form 8K filed with the SEC on August 26, 2020.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: December 15, 2020

Date: December 15, 2020

AMERICAN OUTDOOR BRANDS, INC.,

a Delaware corporation

By: /s/ Brian D. Murphy

Brian D. Murphy

President and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ H. Andrew Fulmer

H. Andrew Fulmer *Executive Vice President*,

Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, Brian D. Murphy, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American Outdoor Brands, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 15, 2020 By: /s/ Brian D. Murphy

Brian D. Murphy
President and Chief Executive Officer

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, H. Andrew Fulmer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American Outdoor Brands, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 15, 2020 By: /s/ H. Andrew Fulmer

H. Andrew Fulmer
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of American Outdoor Brands, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending October 31, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: December 15, 2020 By: /s/ Brian D. Murphy

Brian D. Murphy

President and Chief Executive Officer

This certification accompanies the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to which it relates, is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of American Outdoor Brands, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (whether made before or after the date of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q), irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of American Outdoor Brands, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending October 31, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: December 15, 2020 By: /s/ H. Andrew Fulmer

H. Andrew Fulmer
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer

This certification accompanies the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to which it relates, is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of American Outdoor Brands, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (whether made before or after the date of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q), irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.